Lab 3

Debugging Part 2



Announcements

Project 1A is released and due Monday, 9/11 at 11:59 pm.



Hi! I'm Aniruth



Met Dom when teaching CS 61B ~1.5 years ago, then went on a gap year, now am back!













Stack Trace



Stack Trace

When you're running your program, sometimes, you'll get something like this:

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint: Cannot invoke "Buggy.printName()" because "this.someBug" is null at BuggyBug.useBug(BuggyBug.java:27) at Buggy.method1(Buggy.java:10) at Buggy.method2(Buggy.java:15) at Buggy.main(Buggy.java:29)

Process finished with exit code 1
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This is the stack trace and it shows up when an error or exception occurs. The stack trace contains a collection of stack records (which store application movements during its execution).

• This is another way of saying that it tracks the method calls a program makes, up until the point of the error or exception.



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• This is another way of saying that it tracks the method calls a program makes, up until the point of the error or exception.

The stack trace is a useful tool that helps us debug and troubleshoot, as it can be used to isolate the location of the bug as well as the nature of bug.



Exceptions



What are Exceptions?

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An exception is an unwanted or unexpected event that occurs during the execution of a program and disrupts the normal flow of the program.

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When an exception does occur, an exception object is created - this object contains information about the exception, such as the name and description of the exception.



Common Types of Exceptions

Here are some common exceptions that you might run into:

NullPointerException: Thrown when an application attempts to use null in the case where an object is required (Ex. accessing or modifying field of a null object)

ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: When an array tries to access an illegal index (Ex. trying to access an element at index -1)

ClassNotFoundException: When an application tries to load in a class through its string name, but no definition for the class with the specified name could be found



Common Types of Exceptions Continued

ClassCastException: Improperly try to cast a class from one type to another

ArithmeticException: When an exceptional arithmetic condition has occurred (Ex. dividing an integer by 0)

IllegalArgumentException: Indicates that method has been passed/given an illegal or inappropriate argument



Errors



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Errors represent irrecoverable conditions such as the Java virtual machine (JVM) running out of memory, stack overflow errors, infinite recursion etc.

 A common one you might see is OutOfMemoryError - this indicates that the JVM runs out of memory and this can sometimes originate from how a program is structured.



Debugging Demo



Lab Overview



An Overview

Lab 3 is due Monday, 9/11 at 11:59 pm.

 As a reminder, to get the lab assignment, run git pull skeleton main in your personal repository.

Deliverables:

- Completion of Adventure, which consists of four stages:
 - o BeeCountingStage
 - o SpeciesListStage
 - o PalindromeStage
 - o MachineStage

For help, use the Lab queue: [INSERT]

